

New methods for inquiring general population mobility. The example of an on-line questionnaire enhanced by interactive maps.

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## • • • ELIPSS design proposal for MOBILITIES and discussion of its efficiency

- *Mobilities and spatial experiences over the life course* (MOBILITIES) – 2016
  - Design strategy based on the use of interactive maps dealing with the general public digital and geographical skills
  - Design proposal efficiency regarding the biographical challenge and ELIPSS specificities
  - What do we learn about map navigation and the influence of its presence in a biographical survey?

# • • • ELIPSS, an internet panel for human and social sciences

- ELIPSS surveys team: questionnaire design, programming, data-collection, data-postproduction
- 1000 individuals probability based panel (18-75 y.o. living in France)
- Equipped with a touch-screen tablet & 3G subscription
- Monthly, 30 min long, self-administered online questionnaires

# • • • Mobilities and spatial experiences over the life course (MOBILITIES)

- Spatiality as *explanans* of social representations and attitudes
- A new way for outlining mobility behaviors: define and pilot-test a new construct
- **SPACE-SET**: a way to systematically catch the spatial mobility in the individuals biography (Ettore Recchi)

- Size: number of places (variability of the measurement scale: neighbourhood, city, country, state, etc.)

- Range: the maximum distance with the border of the space-set (d. km, d. costs, d. time)

- Focalization: hierarchisation of places (scale, plurality)

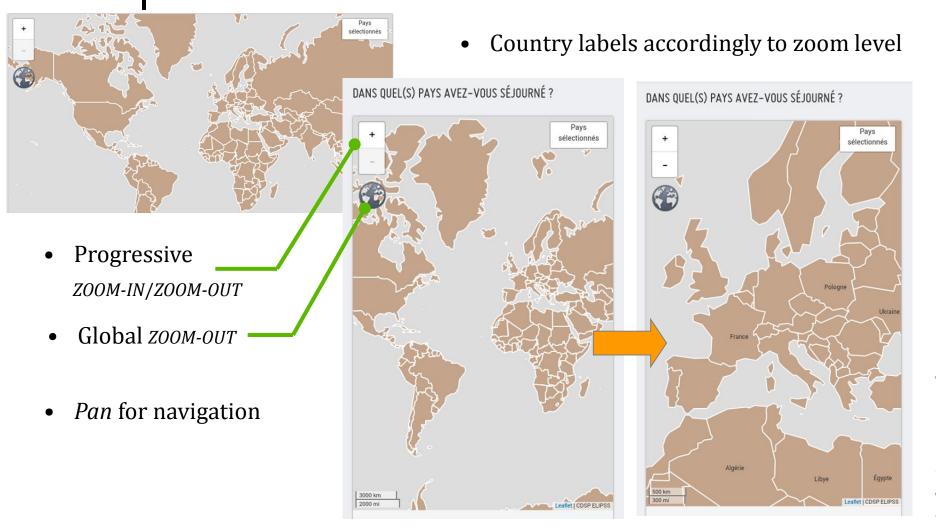
# • • • A biographical challenge using map on a mobile device

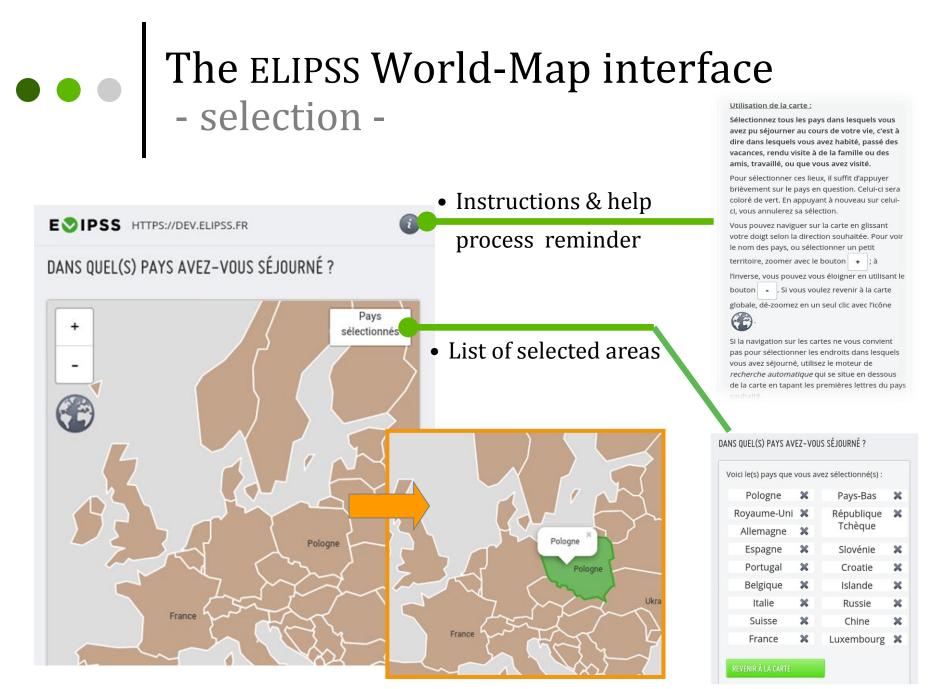
- A map based information elicitation task, followed by a qualification of the selected countries

Which countries have you visited?

In which countries did you stay for more than 3 months? Did you went for professional reasons? Have you visited it more than once? Etc.

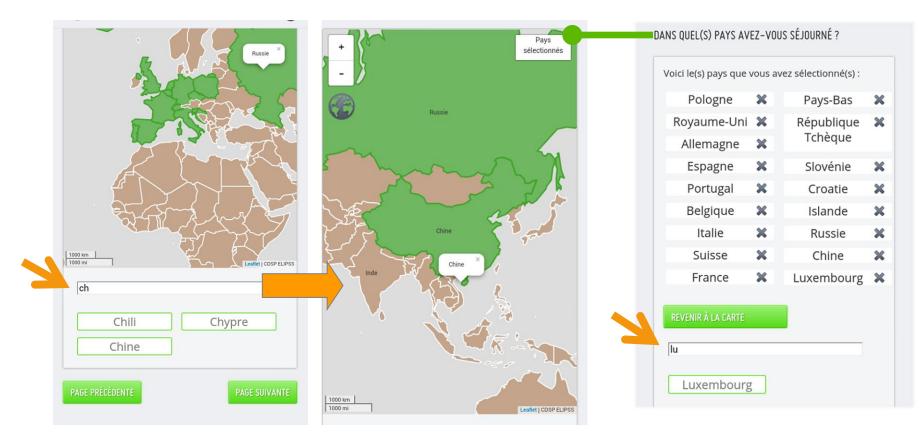
### The ELIPSS World-Map interface - navigation -



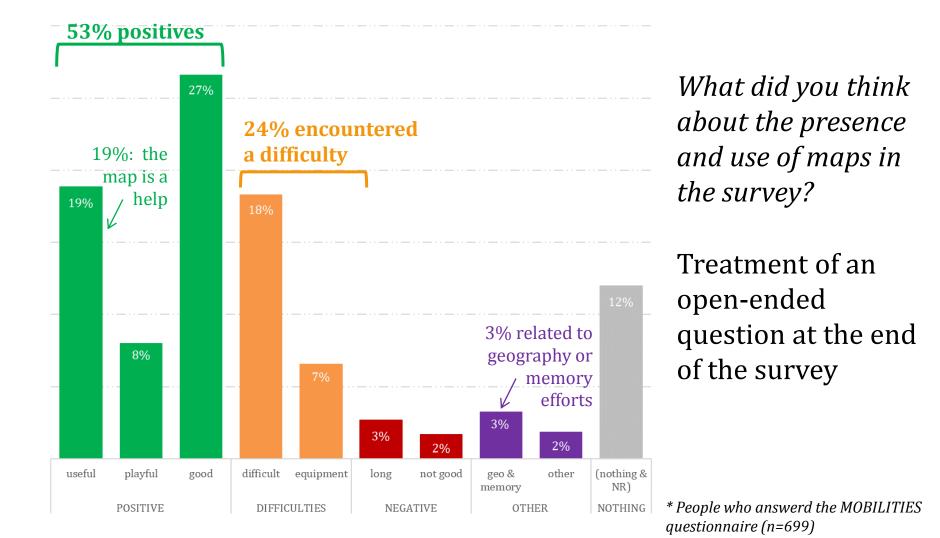


### The ELIPSS World-Map interface - search -

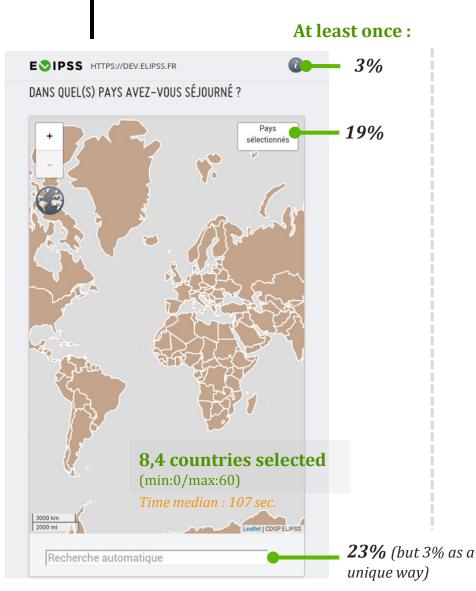
- 2 autocomplete engines
- Delete also possible from the list



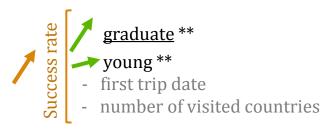
### The map's feeling: comments left\*



#### Actions tracking\* on the interface



- An obvious preference for map selection rather than textual search
   > 91% of adds
- On average, for 10 selected countries, 3 canceled



\* People who interacted with the World map(n=644)

# 

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Espagne France Islande							
			Slovénie				
			Suisse				
Italie	_	Autre préciser)					
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Luxen		Aucun de	e ces				
P P PAGE PRÉCÉD	Dans quel(s) autre(s) pays avez-vous séjourné plus de 7 jours consécutifs au cours de votre vie ? En Finlande et en Colombie						
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#### Space-set characterization after the map :

(In) which country/countries (in your life) :

- did you live (at least 3 months)?
- have you stayed for more than 7 consecutive days?
- have you visited more than once?
- do you go regularly (at least once a year)?
- have you visited for professional reasons, studies or training?
- have you visited for leisure or holiday or to visit family or friends?
- do you have a family residence or a second home?

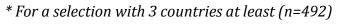
*Outside your country of birth, what is the first country you stayed in?* 

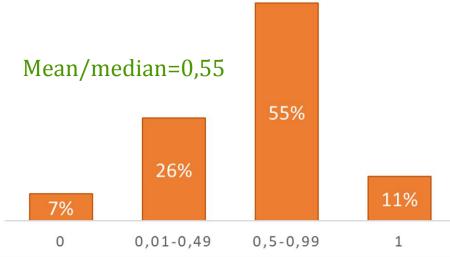
- Almost 10% of the respondents added at least 1 country in one of these questions
- The majority mobilized only 1 item (forgetfulness?)
- Only a few repetition, generally of small countries or islands (difficulties to select them?)

### Approaching the proximity in the selections order

• Construction of a proximity indicator for country selections:

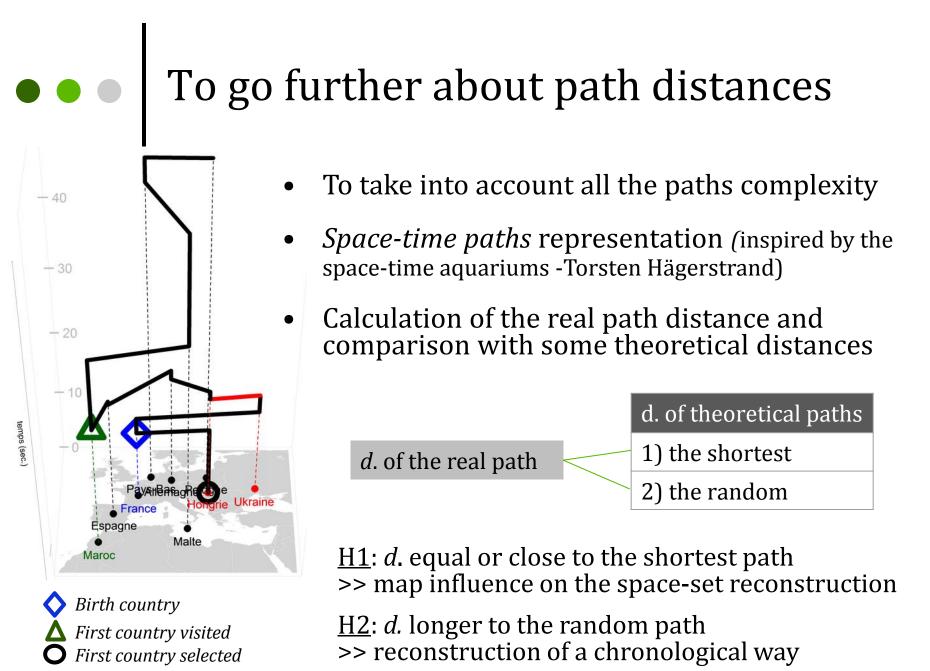
**Pmin:** the average of times a selected country\* is the closest among the other selected countries (measured as the shortest distance between polygons on the plan).

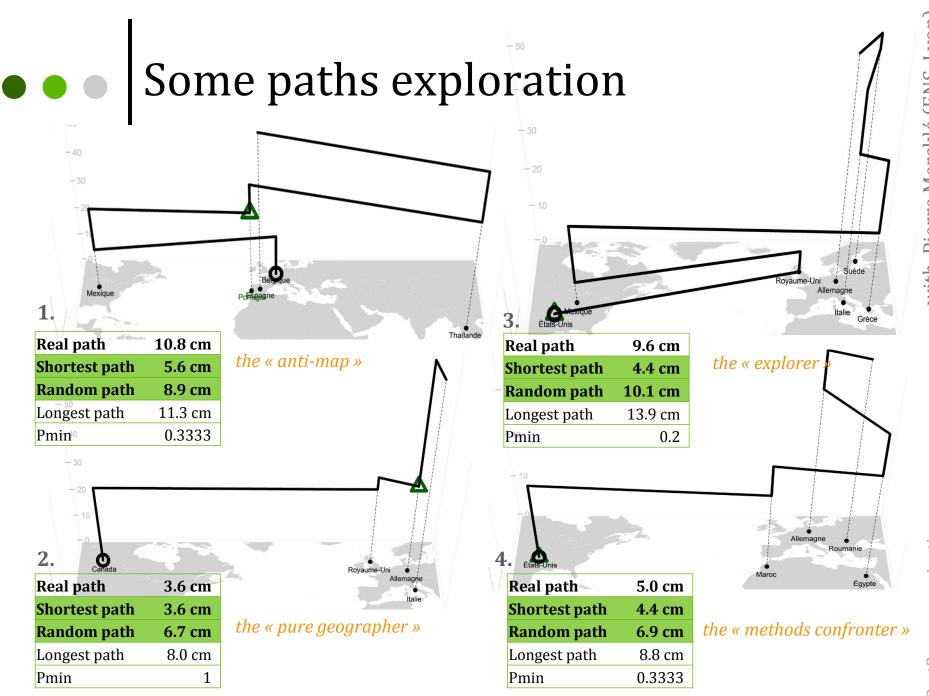




Overall, the selection follows an order of geographical proximity (more than 1 country selected in 2 is the closest)

Only automatic search decreases this proportion





with Pierre Mercklé (ENS, Lyon)

Part3 - map navigation

## • • To go even further...

- Next step: calculation of all theoretical paths
- Other data analysis:
  - characterization of these space-set
  - places cited as familiar in the more subjective part of the survey
  - On the interface: the duration time the countries size
  - Respondents who have not interacted with the map
  - To test it with a future project about the territorial representations

### • • Thank you for your attention!

For any further questions :

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Thanks to my contributors:

- Yannick Savina (OSC, Sciences Po, Paris), for the *Pmin* calculation

- Pierre Mercklé (ENS, Lyon), for the maps projection and the distances comparison

More information about the project:

http://quanti.dime-shs.sciences-po.fr/